DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and. where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date AUG 0 7 2013

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA TABLE OF CONTENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

Affidavít	Exhibit -	Schedule -	Page 1
Independent Auditor's Report	•	-	2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	-	-	4
Statement of Net Position	Α	_	9
Statement of Activities	В	_	10
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	Č	-	11
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	_	•	
Statement of Net Position	D	-	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances			
- Governmental Funds	E	-	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in			
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	F	-	14
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Fiduciary Funds	G	-	15
Notes to the Financial Statements	-	-	16
Required Supplementary Information	-	-	27
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual-General Fund	_	1	28
,			
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual-IV-D Fund		2	29
2480 (3.1.1. 240) 4.14 17 2 1410	-	-	2)
Other Supplementary Information	-	-	30
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	-	3	31
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With			
Government Auditing Standards	-	-	32
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	-	4	34
Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Audit Findings	_	5	25

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

Legislative Auditor P. O. Box 94397 Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397

AFFIDAVIT
Personally came and appeared before the undersigned authority, Van Kyzar, District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District, who, duly sworn, deposes and says, that the financial statements herewith given presents fairly the financial position of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District, at December 31, 2012 and the results of operations for the year then ended in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. District Attorney District Attorney
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this day of May, 2013.

HINES, SHEFFIELD & SQUYRES, L.L.C.

FRANK S. HINES, CPA LEWIS C. HINES, CPA E. MERLIN SQUYRES, CPA JAY H. SHEFFIELD, CPA JAMES S. SHEFFIELD, CPA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P.O. BOX 2188 - 133 EAST FIFTH STREET NATCHITOCHES, LA 71457

> Telephone (318) 352-6458 FAX (318) 352-0404 office@hjhcpa.biz

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Van Kyzar District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District Natchitoches, Louisiana 71458

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District, Natchitoches, Louisiana, a component unit of the Natchitoches Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District, a component unit of the Natchitoches Parish Police Jury, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison information on pages 4 to 8 and 28 to 29, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's financial statements as a whole. The accompanying information identified in the table of contents as Other Supplementary Information is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The Other Supplementary Information schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The financial information for the year ended December 31, 2011, which is included for comparative purposes, was taken from the financial report for that year in which we expressed an unqualified opinion dated May 23, 2012, on the basic financial statements of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District.

Hines, Sheffield & Squyres Natchitoches, Louisiana May 20, 2013

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2012

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's financial performance presents a narrative overview and analysis of District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2012. This document focuses on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts. Please read this document in conjunction with the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's financial statements, which begin on page 9.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- 1) The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had cash and cash equivalents and investments of \$637,431 at December 31, 2012 which represents an increase of \$122,874 from prior year end.
- 2) The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had receivables of \$100,566 at December 31, 2012 which represents an increase of \$33,524 from prior year end.
- The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had accounts payable and accruals of \$47,779 at December 31, 2012 which represents an increase of \$2,711 from prior year end.
- 4) The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had total revenues of \$1,349,530 for the year ended December 31, 2012 which represents an increase of \$255,244 from prior year.
- 5) The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had fees, fines, and charges for services of \$960,871 for the year ended December 31, 2012 which represents an increase of \$278,643 from prior year.
- The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had intergovernmental revenues of \$378,756 for the year ended December 31, 2012 which represents a decrease of \$27,916 from prior year.
- 7) The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had total expense of \$943,157 for the year ended December 31, 2012 which represents an increase of \$84,554 from prior year.
- 8) The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had personal services expense of \$353,714 for the year ended December 31, 2012 which represents an increase of \$6,561 from prior year.
- 9) The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had operating services expense of \$478,166 for the year ended December 31, 2012 which represents an increase of \$70,466 from prior year.
- 10) The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had professional services expense of \$5,620 for the year ended December 31, 2012 which represents a decrease of \$750 from prior year.
- The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had capital asset purchases of \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2012 which represents no change from prior year.
- 12) The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had debt services payments of \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2012 which represents no change from prior year.

<u>DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT</u> <u>NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA</u> <u>MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)</u> DECEMBER 31, 2012

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following graphic illustrates the minimum requirements for the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District as established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments</u>.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information (Other than MD&A)

These financial statements consist of three sections - Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements), and required supplementary information.

Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consist of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 9 and 10) provide information about the activities of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District Attorney's finances. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the District Attorney's net position and changes in them. You can think of the District Attorney's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the District Attorney's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District Attorney's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

Fund financial statements start on page 11. All of the District Attorney's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short term view of the District Attorney's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District Attorney's activities as well as what remains for future spending.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2012

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY

Statement of Net Position As of Year End

Current and other assets Capital assets, net Total Assets	\$ 741,9 2 \$ 742,2	73 341
Other liabilities Compensated absences payable Total Liabilities	\$ 47,7° 47,7°	79 \$ 45,068 0 0 79 45,068
Net position Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	2	73 341
Unrestricted	694,2	<u>540,531</u>
Total Net Position	694,4	91 540,872
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 742,2	<u>70 \$ 585,940</u>

Net position of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's increased by \$153,619 or 28.40% from the previous fiscal year. The increase is the result of operating and nonoperating revenues exceeding expenses during the fiscal year ended 2012 (See table below).

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended

		2012	 2011
General government			
Expenses	\$	(943,157)	\$ (858,603)
Program revenues		, , ,	• , ,
Fees, fines, and charges for services		960,871	682,228
Operating grants and contributions		378,756	406,672
Capital grants and contributions		0	0
Subtotal		396,470	230,297
General revenues		9,903	5,386
Transfers		(252,754)	(278,407)
Change in net position	<u>\$</u>	153,619	\$ (42,724)

The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's total revenues increased by \$255,244 or 23.33% from the previous year. The total cost of all programs and services increased by \$84,554 or 9.85% from the previous year.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2012

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2012, the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had \$273, net of depreciation, invested in a broad range of capital assets (See table below). This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and retirements) of \$68 or 19.94% from the previous year.

of \$68 or 19.94% from the previous year.							
Capital Assets at Year End (Net of Depreciation)	l						
	_	2012	2		2011		
Equipment	<u>\$</u>		273	<u>\$</u>		<u>341</u>	
Total	<u>\$</u>		273	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>341</u>	
This year's major additions included:							
None.							
This years's major retirements included:							
None.							
<u>Debt</u>							
The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had \$0 in compensa compared to \$0 at the previous year end, no change as shown in the table	ited a	bsence: ow.	s payal	ole ou	ıtstandir	ng at y	ear end
Outstanding Debt at Year En	nd						
		2012	2	_	2011		
Compensated absences payable	<u>\$</u>		0	<u>\$_</u>		_0	
Totals	<u>\$</u>		0	<u>\$</u>		0	
New debt during the year included:							
None.							

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2012

VARIATIONS BETWEEN ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGETS

Actual revenues were \$585 more than budgeted amounts due to intergovernmental revenues being more than expected.

Actual expenditures were \$1,958 more than budgeted amounts due to supplies being more than expected.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's elected and appointed officials considered the following factors and indicators when setting next year's budget, rates, and fees. These factors and indicators include:

- 1) Fees, fines, and charges for services
- 2) Intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants)
- 3) Personal services expense
- 4) Operating services expense

The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District does not expect any significant changes in next year's results as compared to the current year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's finances and to show the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Van Kyzar, District Attorney, Post Office Box 838, Natchitoches, Louisiana 71458.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

	2012	2011
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 560	6,029 \$ 443,556
Investments		1,402 71,001
Receivable		0,566 67,042
Prepaid expenses		4,000 4,000
Total Current Assets	74	1,997 585,599
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital assets, net		<u>273</u> <u>341</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 74</u>	2,270 \$ 585,940
Liabilities and Net Position		
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	•	5.550 6 45.000
Accounts payable and accruals Total Current Liabilities		7,779 \$ 45,068
Total Current Liabilities	4	7,779 45,068
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated absences payable		00
Total Liabilities	4	7,779 45,068
Net Position		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		273 341
Unrestricted	69	4,218 540,531
Total Net Position	69	4,491 540,872
Total Liabilities and Net Position	<u>\$74</u>	2.270 \$ 585,940

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

•	 				2012					2011
	Expenses	Fees, Fines, and Charges or Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Revenue and Changes in Net Positio	
General Government										
Personal services	\$ 353,714	\$	360,383	\$	142,907	\$	0	\$ 149,576	\$	96,822
Travel	23,398		23,839		9,453		0	9,894		8,746
Operating services	478,166		487,182		193,189		0	202,205		113,710
Supplies	82,191		83,741		33,207		0	34,757		17,080
Professional services	5,620		5,726		0		0	106		(1,280)
Depreciation	68		0		0		0	(68)		(4,781)
Total General Activities	\$ 943,157	\$	960,871	\$	378,756	\$	0	396,470		230,297
General Revenues										
Interest income								1,677		2,415
Miscellaneous								8,226		2,971
Transfers: Police Jury								(252,754)		(278,407)
Total General Revenues									_	
and Transfers								(242,851)	_	(273,021)
Change in Net Position			·					153,619		(42,724)
Net Position, Beginning of year								540,872		583,596
Net Position, End of year								\$ 694,491	\$	540,872

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

		2011			
Assets	General Fund	Total			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 537,37	IV-D Fund 3 \$	Funds 28,656	Total \$ 566,029	
Investments	71,40			71,402	71,001
Receivable	26,24		,	100,566	67,042
Prepaid expenses			· · · · · ·	· ·	•
•	4,00		0 20.656	4,000	4,000
Total Assets	\$ 639,02	2 \$ 74,319	28,656	<u>\$ 741,997</u>	\$ 585,599
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accruals	\$ 47,77	9 \$ () \$ 0	\$ 47,779	\$ 45,068
Total Liabilities	47,77		0		45,068
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable					
Prepaid expenses	4,00) () 0	4,000	4,000
Restricted					
IV-D Fund activity	•	74,319	0	74,319	50,411
Office salaries and benefits) (28,656	28,656	46,619
Unassigned	587,243	3 (0	587,243	439,501
Total Fund Balances	591,24		28,656		540,531
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 639,022		_ `		\$ 585,599
		. —			

EXHIBIT D

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds (Exhibit C)		\$	694,218
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Equipment, net of \$26,350 in accumulated depreciation Total Capital Assets	\$ <u>273</u>		273
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund liabilities.			0
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit A)		<u>\$</u>	694,491

EXHIBIT E

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

	2012							2011		
	_ Ge	eneral Fund	Other Governmental IV-D Fund Funds			Total		Total		
Revenues										
Fees, fines, and charges for services	\$	920,407	\$	0	\$	40,464	\$	960,871	\$	682,228
Intergovernmental revenues		73,419		305,337		0		378,756		406,672
Interest income		1,601		0		76		1,677		2,415
Miscellaneous		8,226		0		0		8,226		2,971
Total Revenues	<u> </u>	1,003,653		305,337		40,540	-	1,349,530		1,094,286
Expenditures										
General government										
Personal services		353,714		0		0		353,714		347,153
Travel		23,398		0		0		23,398		31,361
Operating services		478,163		0		3		478,166		407,700
Supplies		82,191		0		0		82,191		61,238
Professional services		5,620		0		0		5,620		6,370
Capital outlay		0		0		0		Q		0
Total Expenditures		943,086		0		3		943,089		853,822
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		60,567		305,337		40,537		406,441		240,464
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)										
Transfers: Police Jury		(30,000)		(222,754)		0		(252,754)		(278,407)
Transfers		117,175		(58,675)		(58,500)		0		<u>0</u>
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)		87,175	_	(281,429)		(58,500)		(252,754)	_	(278,407)
Net Change in Fund Balances		147,742		23,908		(17,963)		153,687		(37,943)
Fund Balances, Beginning of year		443,501		50,411		46,619		540,531		578,474
Fund Balances, End of year	\$	591,243	<u>\$</u>	74,319	\$	28,656	\$	694,218	\$	540,531

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT F

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit E)	\$	153,687
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$68) exceeds capital outlays (\$0) in the current period.		(68)
Some expense reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		<u>0</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit B)	<u>\$</u>	153,619

EXHIBIT G

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

1	Assets		2012		2011
Cash		\$	482,462	<u>\$</u>	470,162
•	Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	482,462	<u>\$</u>	470,162
]	Liabilities				
Due to oth	her governments	<u>\$</u>	482,462	<u>\$</u>	470,162
•	Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	482,462	<u>\$</u>	470,162

As provided by Article V, Section 26 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, the District Attorney has charge of every criminal prosecution by the state in his district, is the representative of the state before the grand jury in his district, and is the legal advisor to the grand jury. He performs other duties as provided by law. The District Attorney is elected by the qualified electors of the judicial district for a term of six years. The Tenth Judicial District encompasses the parish of Natchitoches, Louisiana.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999.

B. Reporting Entity

The District Attorney is an independently elected official; however, the District Attorney is fiscally dependent on the Natchitoches Parish Police Jury. The police jury maintains and operates the parish courthouse in which the District Attorney's office is located and provides funds for other expenses of the District Attorney's office, as necessary. In addition, the police jury's financial statements would be incomplete or misleading without inclusion of the District Attorney. For these reasons, the District Attorney was determined to be a component unit of the Natchitoches Parish Police Jury, the financial reporting entity.

The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the District Attorney and do not present information on the policy jury, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

C. Fund Accounting

The District Attorney uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District Attorney functions and activities. A fund is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds of the District Attorney are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary, as follows:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for all or most of the District Attorney's general activities. These funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between a governmental fund's assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. In general, fund balance represents the accumulated expendable resources which may be used to finance future period programs or operations of the District Attorney. The following are the District Attorney's governmental funds:

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Funds Accounting (Continued)

General Fund - the primary operating fund of the District Attorney and it accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with state and federal laws and according to District Attorney policy.

Special Revenue Funds - account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, or designated by the District Attorney to be accounted for separately. The special revenue funds of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District consist of the following:

Title IV-D Fund - consists of reimbursement grants from the La. Department of Social Services, authorized by Act 117 of 1975, to establish family and child support programs compatible with Title IV-D of the Social Security Act. The purpose of the fund is to enforce the support obligation owed by absent parents to their families and children, to locate absent parents, to establish paternity, and to obtain family and child support.

Worthless Checks Collection Fee Fund - consists of fees collected in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 16:15, which provides that the District Attorney receives, from the principal to the offense, a prescribed amount upon collection of a worthless check. The funds may be used only to defray the salaries and expenses of the office of the District Attorney, and may not be used to supplement the salary of the District Attorney.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The only funds accounted for in this category by the District Attorney are the agency funds. The agency funds account for assets held by the District Attorney as an agent for other governmental entities. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Consequently, the agency funds have no measurement focus, but do use the modified accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund of the District Attorney consist of the following:

Asset Forfeiture Fund - is used as a depository for assets seized by local law enforcement agencies. Upon order of the district court, these funds are either refunded to the litigants or distributed to the appropriate recipient, in accordance with applicable laws.

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Government - Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) and the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District Attorney, except for the fiduciary fund. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (Exhibit G) at the fund financial statement level.

The government - wide financial statements were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet (Exhibit C). The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Exhibit E) reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government - wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government - wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District Attorney. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

Governmental funds and the agency fund use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District Attorney considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Commissions on fines and bond forfeitures and court costs are recorded in the year they are collected by the tax collector. Grants are recorded when the District Attorney is entitled to the funds. Fees on worthless checks are recorded in the year in which the worthless check is paid. Interest income is accrued, when its receipt occurs soon enough after the end of the accounting period so as to be both measurable and available.

Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Purchases of various operating supplies are regarded as expenditures at the time purchased.

Other Financing Sources/(Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sale of fixed assets, debt extinguishment, long-term proceeds, et cetera) are accounted for as other financing sources/(uses). These other financing sources/(uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control. The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District prepares and adopts a budget each year for its general and all special revenue funds in accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes. The operating budget is prepared based on prior year's revenues and expenditures and the estimated increase therein for the current year, using the full accrual basis of accounting. The District Attorney amends its budget when projected revenues are expected to be less than budgeted revenues by five percent or more and/or projected expenditures are expected to be more than budgeted amounts by five percent or more. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash - includes not only currency on hand but also demand deposits with banks or other financial institutions and other kinds of accounts that have the general characteristics of demand deposits in that the customer may deposit additional funds at any time and also effectively may withdraw funds at any time without prior notice or penalty.

Cash equivalents - includes all short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of interest rates. Generally, only investments which, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months qualify under this definition.

G. Investments

Investments are limited by R.S. 33:2955 and the District Attorney's investment policy. If the original maturities of investments exceed 90 days, they are classified as investments; however, if the original maturities are 90 days or less, they are classified as cash equivalents.

H. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where applicable, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

I. Bad Debts

Uncollectible accounts receivable are recognized as bad debts through the establishment of an allowance account at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. At December 31, 2012, \$0 were considered to be uncollectible.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets are carried at historical costs. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District are charged as an expense against operations in the Statement of Activities. Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation are reported on the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method over the estimated useful life of the assets, generally 10 to 40 years for buildings and building improvements and 5 to 10 years for moveable property. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs and minor renewals are charged to earnings as incurred. Major expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Compensated Absences

Full-time employees of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District earn ten days of annual and sick leave each year. Leave cannot be accumulated or carried over from one year to the next. Therefore, no liability for compensated absences has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

L. Restricted Net Position

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds,
 mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or
 improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

M. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in five components:

- 1. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by either a) creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or b) constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by the governmental entity at its highest level
 of decision-making authority (District Attorney). These amounts can not be used for any other
 purposes unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- 4. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed that are intended to be used for specific purposes as established by the District Attorney or their management to which the District Attorney has delegated the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.
- 5. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Fund Equity (Continued)

The District Attorney establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution.

The District typically uses restricted fund balances first, followed by committed assigned and unassigned funds when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of these fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

For reporting purposes, deposits with financial institutions including savings, demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank selected and designated by the Interim Emergency Board. Further the District Attorney may invest in time certificates of deposit of state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana, national banks having their principal office in the state of Louisiana, in savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks and in share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

Deposits in bank accounts are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank. These pledged securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank in the form of safekeeping receipts mutually acceptable to both parties. The deposits at December 31, 2012 were secured as follows:

	Certificates Cash of Deposit Total				Total	
		Casii	_	or Deposit	_	<u>Total</u>
Deposits in bank accounts per balance sheet	<u>\$</u>	1,048,491	<u>\$</u>	71,402	<u>\$</u>	1,119,893

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)

	Cash	Certificates of Deposit		_Total
Bank Balances (Category 3 Only, If Any)				
a. Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ (\$	0 \$	0
b. Uninsured and uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging institution	()	0	0
c. Uninsured and uncollateralized with securities held by				
the pledging institution's trust department or agent but not in the entity's name		<u> </u>	<u>o</u> _	0
Total Category 3 Bank Balances	\$ (<u>\$</u>	<u>0</u>	0
Total Bank Balances (All Categories Including Category 3 Reported Above)	\$ 1,050,362	<u>\$ 71,40</u>	<u> 2</u>	1,121,764

The following is a breakdown by banking institution and amount of the balances shown above:

Banking Institution	Amount			
City Bank and Trust Company	\$ 961,182			
Exchange Bank	62,051			
Peoples State Bank	98,531			
Total	\$1,121,764			

B. Investments

At December 31, 2012, the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District had investments of \$0.

NOTE 3 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The following is a summary of accounts receivable at December 31, 2012:

			Other Governmental					
Class of Receivable	Gene	ral Fund	_	IV-D Fund	F	unds		Total_
Fees, fines, and charges for services	\$	19,747	\$	0	\$	0	\$	19,747
Intergovernmental revenues		6,000		74,319		0		80,319
Other		500	_	0		0		500
Total	\$	26,247	<u>\$</u>	74,319	<u>\$</u>	0	\$	100,566

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's capital assets at December 31, 2012 follows:

	E	Balance					1	Balance
Capital Assets	_Dec	. 31, 2011	_	Additions	_Retire	ments	_De	c. 31, 2012
Equipment	\$	26,623	\$	0	\$	0	\$	26,623
Less accumulated depreciation		(26,282)	_	<u>(68</u>)		0		(26,350)
Total Equipment		341	_	(68)		0		273
Total Capital Assets, net	<u>\$</u>	341	\$	<u>(68</u>)	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	<u>273</u>

NOTE 5 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUALS

The following is a summary of accounts payable at December 31, 2012:

			Other					
			Governmental					
Class of Payable	<u>Ge</u>	neral Fund	_	IV-D Fund		Funds		<u>Total</u>
Vendor	\$	6,946	\$	0	\$	0	\$	6,946
Salaries and benefits		26,257		0		0		26,257
Other		14,576	_	0		0		14,576
Total	\$	47,779	\$	0	\$	0	\$	47,779

NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS

The District Attorney participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, public employee retirement systems (PERS). The District Attorney and assistant District Attorney's are members of the District Attorneys' Retirement System. All other employees are members of the Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, Plan A. These retirement systems are cost-sharing, multiple employer, statewide retirement systems which are administered by separate boards of trustees. The contributions of participating agencies are pooled within each system to pay the accrued benefits of their respective participants. The contribution rates are approved by the Louisiana Legislature.

A. District Attorneys' Retirement System

The District Attorney and assistant District Attorneys are members of the Louisiana District Attorneys Retirement System (System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

Assistant District Attorneys who earn, as a minimum, the amount paid by the state for assistant District Attorneys and are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment and all District Attorneys are required to participate in the System. For members who joined the System before July 1, 1990, and who elected not to be covered by the new provisions, the following applies: Any member with 23 or more years of creditable service regardless of age may retire with a 3 percent benefit reduction for each year below age 55, provided that no reduction is applied if the member has 30 or more years of service. Any member with at least 18 years of service may retire at age 55 with a 3 percent benefit reduction for each year retiring below the age of 60. In addition, any member with at least 10 years of service may retire at age 60 with a 3 percent benefit reduction for each year retiring below the age of 62. The retirement benefit is equal to 3 percent of the member's average compensation multiplied by the number of years of his membership service, not to exceed 100 percent of his average final compensation.

NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. District Attorneys' Retirement System (Continued)

For members who joined the system after July 1, 1990, or who elected to be covered by the new provisions the following applies: Members are eligible to receive normal retirement benefits if they are age 60 and have 10 years of service credit, are age 55 and have 24 years of service credit, or have 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 3.5 per cent of the member's final-average compensation multiplied by years of membership service. A member is eligible for early retirement if he is age 55 and has 18 years of service credit. The early retirement benefit is equal to the normal retirement benefit reduced 3 percent for each year the member retires in advance of normal retirement age. Benefits may not exceed 100 percent of final compensation. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana District Attorneys Retirement System, 2109 Decatur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, 70116-2091, or by calling (504) 947-5551.

Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 7.0% of their annual covered salary and the District Attorney is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate of annual covered payroll was 9.75% from January 1, 2012 through June 30, 2012 and was 10.25% from July 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012. Contributions to the system include .2 percent of the ad valorem taxes collected throughout the state and revenue sharing funds as appropriated by the legislature. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District Attorney are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The District Attorney contributions to the System for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, were \$19,205, \$17,240 and \$8,914, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

B. Parochial Employees' Retirement System

Substantially all employees of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District are members of the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (System), a multiple-employer (cost-sharing), public employee retirement system (PERS), controlled and administered by a separate board of trustees. The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All members participate in Plan A.

All permanent employees working at least 28 hours per week who are paid wholly or in part from parish funds and all elected parish officials are eligible to participate in the system. Under Plan A, employees who retire at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with at least 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 percent of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. However, for those employees who were members of the supplemental plan only before January 1, 1980, the benefit is equal to one percent of final average salary plus \$24 for each year of supplemental-plan-only service earned before January 1, 1980. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The system also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by state statute.

NOTE 6 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Parochial Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Parochial Employees' Retirement System, Post Office Box 14619, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898-471619, or by calling (504) 928-1361.

Under Plan A, members are required to contribute 9.5% of their annual covered salary and the employer is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the retirement system also include one-fourth of 1.0% (except Orleans and East Baton Rouge Parishes) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. The employer's contributions to the retirement system under Plan A for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, were \$14,832, \$13,591 and \$10,998, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 7 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers for the year ended December 31, 2012, were as follows:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out		
General	\$ 117,175	\$ 0		
IV-D fund	0	58,675		
Other governmental funds	0	58,500		
Total	\$ 117,175	\$117,175		

NOTE 8 LEASES

The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District was not obligated under any noncancellable capital or operating leases agreements at December 31, 2012.

NOTE 9 LITIGATION

The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District was not involved in any litigation at December 31, 2012.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District Attorney maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District Attorney.

NOTE 11 CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District participates in federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the District Attorney may be required to reimburse the grantor government. The District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Revenues	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Fav./(Unfav.)
Fees, fines, and charges for services	\$ 676,272	\$ 952,000	\$ 920,407	\$ (31,593)
Intergovernmental revenues	44,600	43,000	73,419	30,419
Interest income	1,534	1,205	1,601	396
Miscellaneous	7,458	6,200	8,226	2,026
Total Revenues	729,864	1,002,405	1,003,653	1,248
Expenditures				
General government				
Personal Services	335,700	353,000	353,714	(714)
Travel	32,000	23,000	23,398	(398)
Operating services	391,312	512,703	478,163	34,540
Supplies	50,000	43,000	82,191	(39,191)
Professional Services	6,290	9,425	5,620	3,805
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	815,302	941,128	943,086	(1,958)
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(85,438)	61,277	60,567	(710)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)				
Transfers: Police Jury	0	0	(30,000)	(30,000)
Transfers	2,773	20,500	117,175	96,675
Total Other Financing				
Sources/(Uses)	2,773	20,500	<u>87.175</u>	66,675
Net Change in Fund Balances	(82,665)	81,777	147,742	65,965
Fund Balances, Beginning of year	443,501	443,501	443,501	0
Fund Balances, End of year	\$ 360,836	\$ 525,278	\$ 591,243	\$ 65,965

SCHEDULE 2

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - IV-D FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance <u>Fav./(Unfav.)</u>
Revenues				
Intergovernmental revenues	<u>\$ 281,000</u>	<u>\$ 306,000</u>	<u>\$ 305,337</u>	\$ (663)
Total Revenues	281,000	306,000	305,337	(663)
Expenditures				
General government				
Operating services	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	0
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	281,000	306,000	305,337	(663)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)				
Transfers: Police Jury	(248,000)	(222,750)	(222,754)	(4)
Transfers	(33,000)	(58,500)	(58,675)	(175)
Total Other Financing				
Sources/(Uses)	(281,000)	(281,250)	(281,429)	(179)
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	24,750	23,908	(842)
				` ,
Fund Balances, Beginning of year	50,411	50,411	50,411	0
Fund Balances, End of year	<u>\$ 50,411</u>	<u>\$ 75,161</u>	<u>\$ 74,319</u>	\$ (842)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE 3

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

SECTION#1

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditors' report issued.

Unqualified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a) Material weakness(es) identified?

No

b) Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered

to be material weaknesses?

None reported

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

SECTION #2

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

HINES, SHEFFIELD & SQUYRES, L.L.C.

FRANK S. HINES, CPA LEWIS C. HINES, CPA E. MERLIN SQUYRES, CPA JAY H. SHEFFIELD, CPA JAMES S. SHEFFIELD. CPA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P.O. BOX 2188 - 133 EAST FIFTH STREET NATCHITOCHES, LA 71457

> Telephone (318) 352-6458 FAX (318) 352-0404 office@hjhcpa.biz

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Van Kyzar District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District Natchitoches, Louisiana 71458

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District, a component unit of the Natchitoches Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District Attorney's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 20, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District Attorney's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District Attorney's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District Attorney's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District Attorney of the Tenth Judicial District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Page #2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hines, Sheffield & Squyres Natchitoches, Louisiana May 20, 2013

SCHEDULE 4

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Fiscal Year		Corrective	Planned Corrective
Finding		Action Taken	Action/Partial
Initially		(Yes, No,	Corrective
Ref. No. Occurred	Description of Finding	Partially)	Action Taken

Nothing came to our attention that would require disclosure under Government Auditing Standards

SCHEDULE 5

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT NATCHITOCHES, LOUISIANA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

			Name(s) of Contact	Expected Date of
Ref. No.	Description of Finding	Corrective Action Planned	Person(s)	Completion
Nothing ca	me to our attention that would requir	re disclosure under Government Au	diting Standards.	